AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

Claim 1 (Currently amended): A method for performing biological reaction assay in a

microfluidic biochip platform providing constant and consistent reaction volume defining a

reaction zone, the method comprising the steps of:

(a) providing a plurality of microfluidic channels with a constant cross-section area, said

microfluidic channels each including a reaction zone defined by a section of a curved

serpent-like structure, said reaction zone having a constant cross section area;

(b) immobilizing at least one biological probe on in said reaction zone, to define a

constant and consistent reaction volume independent of physical flow barriers in said

microchannels to allow fluid to flow pass said reaction zone; and

(c) transporting fluid in said microfluidic channels to said reaction zone, and terminating

flow to allow a portion of said fluid to react reacting with said at least one biological

probe, wherein said reaction volume is product of said cross-section area multiplied

with length of said microfluidic channels having said at least one biological probe.

Claim 2 (Canceled)

Claim 3 (Currently amended): The method as defined in claim 1, wherein said

microfluidic channels have dimension between 0.5 µm and 2 mm in equivalent diameter eross-

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section.

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Claim 4 (Current amended): The method as defined in claim 1, the microfluidic

biochip platform further comprising at least one sample well containing a sample source and at

least one reagent well containing a reagent solution, wherein a portion of said microfluidic

channels is connected to said at least one sample well source and to said at least one reagent well

solution.

Claim 5 (Currently amended): The method defined in claim 1, wherein said fluid in said

microfluidic channels is transported moved by a pressurizing mechanism that provides for

providing a forward-moving fluid.

Claim 6 (Currently amended): The method defined in claim 1, wherein said at least one

biological probe is immobilized on magnetic beads, and wherein the step of immobilizing said at

least one biological probe in the reaction zone comprises the method further comprising the steps

of:

(a) immobilizing said at least one biological probe on magnetic beads;

(b) (a) transporting said magnetic beads through said microfluidic channels;

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(c) (b) providing at least one external magnet from magnet sources beneath adjacent said

reaction zone; and

(d) (c) switching on activating said at least one external magnet to trap said magnetic

beads.

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Claim 7 (Currently amended): The method defined in claim 1 2, wherein-said-biochip

platform further comprises:

(a) said at least one biological probe is immobilized on said reaction zone of a first

surface of a first base plate;

(b) said microfluidic channels is patterned on a bottom second surface of a second top

plate; and

(c) said top first surface of said first plate is coupled to the second surface of said second

on top of said base plate.

Claim 8 (Previously presented): The method according to claim 1, wherein said probe is

protein.

Claim 9 (Previously presented): The method according to claim 1, wherein said probe is

nucleic acid.

Claim 10 (Previously presented): The method according to claim 1, wherein said probe

is biological cell.

Claim 11 (Previously presented): The method according to claim 1 further comprising

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the step of detecting reaction in said reaction zone.

Claims 12-20 (Canceled)

Claim 21 (New): The method as in claim 1, wherein the step of transporting fluid to said

reaction zone comprises transporting fluid to flow pass and beyond said reaction zone, wherein

fluid remaining in said reaction zone corresponds to said reaction volume.

Claims 22 (New): The method as in clam 21, further comprising the step of transporting

fluid from said reaction zone after reaction has taken place, by flowing the fluid in said reaction

zone pass and beyond said reaction zone in the same direction as flow of fluid into said reaction

zone prior to reaction taking place.

Claim 23 (New): A method for performing biological reaction in a microfluidic biochip

platform, comprising the steps of:

providing at least one microfluidic channel, said microfluidic channel including a section

comprising a curved serpent-like channel and an output channel coupled to exit of said curved

serpent-like channel;

immobilizing at least one biological probe in said section of curved serpent-like channel;

and

transporting fluid in said microfluidic channel to said curved serpent-like channel, where

a portion of said fluid reacts with said biological probe immobilized in the curved serpent-like

channel, thereby to define a reaction zone having a constant and consistent reaction volume.

Claim 24 (New): The method as in claim 23, wherein said output channel is coupled to

the curved serpent-like channel independent of flow barrier, and wherein the step of transporting

fluid to said curved serpent-like channel comprises transporting fluid to flow pass and beyond

said reaction zone and then terminating flow to allow reaction to take place, wherein fluid remaining in said reaction zone corresponds to said reaction volume.

Claim 25 (New): The method as in clam 24, further comprising the step of transporting fluid from said reaction zone after reaction has taken place, by flowing the fluid in said reaction zone pass and beyond said reaction zone in the same direction as flow of fluid into said reaction zone prior to reaction taking place.

Claim 26 (New): The method as in claim 23, wherein:

said biological probe is immobilized on a first surface of a first substrate;

said curved serpent-like channel is formed on a second surface of a second substrate; and

said first surface of said first substrate is coupled to the second surface of said second

substrate.

Claim 27 (New): A biochip platform for biological reaction, comprising:

a body having at least one microfluidic channel, said microfluidic channel including a section comprising a curved serpent-like channel and an output channel coupled to exit of said curved serpent-like channel;

means for immobilizing at least one biological probe in said section of curved serpentlike channel; and

means for transporting fluid in said microfluidic channel to said curved serpent-like channel, where a portion of said fluid reacts with said biological probe immobilized in the curved

serpent-like channel, thereby to define a reaction zone having a constant and consistent reaction volume.

Claim 28 (New): The biochip platform as in claim 27, wherein the body comprises a first substrate and a second substrate, wherein:

said biological probe is immobilized on a first surface of the first substrate;
said curved serpent-like channel is formed on a second surface of the second substrate;
and

said first surface of said first substrate is coupled to the second surface of said second substrate.

Claim 29 (New): The biochip platform as in claim 27, wherein the means for immobilizing comprising a magnet that can be activated on and off, and the biological probe comprises a magnetic bead.

Claim 30 (New): The biochip platform as in claim 27, wherein the means for transporting comprises a pressurizing mechanism.